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TOURISM LEARNING AREAS NELLA REGIONE EURO-MEDITERRANEA: CONCETTO, CONTESTO, ESPERIENZE

TOURISM LEARNING AREAS IN THE EUROMED REGION:

CONCEPT, CONTEXT, EXPERIENCES

ESPACE DE PROFESSIONALISATION TOURISTIQUE DANS LA RÉGION

EUROMÉDITERRANÉENNE: CONCEPT, CONTEXTE, EXPÉRIENCES

9 July 2011 – Lecce



Jean Monnet Action
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Jean Monnet Center of Excellence



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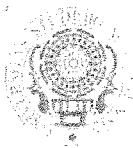


“Espace de professionnalisation”



CONCEPT: Dans le tourisme peut être défini comme une approche privilégiant une réponse holistique aux principales difficultés que connaît le secteur du tourisme (principalement PMI) aux niveaux régional ou local, cherchant à promouvoir la compétitivité de l'activité à travers l'apprentissage et l'innovation.

Cette définition tient compte: des dimensions économique et sociale du secteur du tourisme; de l'espace consacré à cette activité. Cette philosophie accueille une série d'actions et d'activités clés qui peuvent se résumer comme suit (liste non exhaustive): a) fournir une formation; b) perfectionner les compétences; c) améliorer la qualité de l'apprentissage; d) renforcer et encourager l'innovation et le perfectionnement continu; e) promouvoir le partage des connaissances; f) identifier les besoins en formation et agir comme catalyseur en la matière; g) donner une information stratégique, guider et éveiller l'intérêt pour questions clés; h) favoriser une démarche ascendante: bâtir des partenariats, renforcer la coopération entre parties prenantes et augmenter la valeur ajoutée des produits touristiques; i) favoriser l'entrée de travailleurs qualifiés dans le secteur (attirer, former et intégrer les compétences); j) développer une perception dynamique de la demande locale de formation aux métiers du tourisme; k) soutenir et développer des programmes spécifiques de gestion des ressources humaines pour les dirigeants de petites et moyennes entreprises et de micro-entreprises; aide à la gestion des destinations.



"Learning Areas"

CONTEXT:

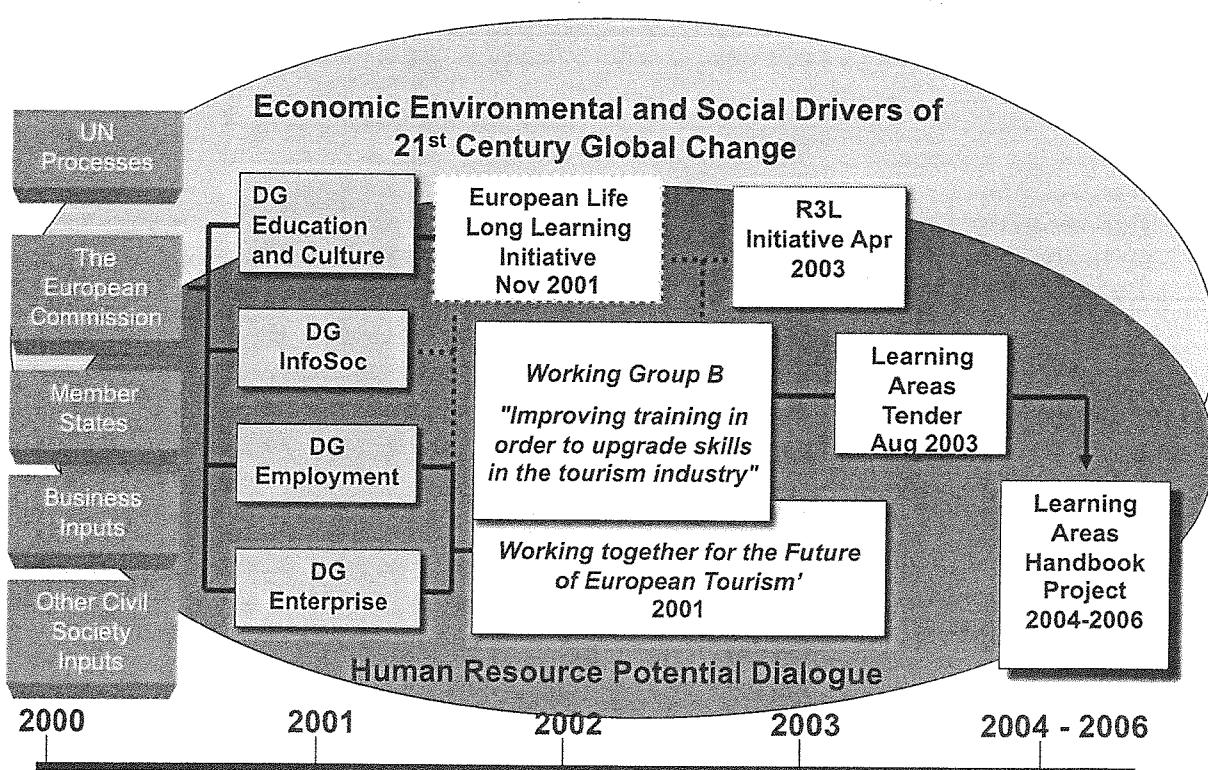
«R3L» initiative adopted by the European Commission (Regional networks for Life-Long Learning) initiative, its purpose is to:

- help further develop good practice on issues relating to the 'learning region',
- encourage a fruitful transnational sharing and exchange of this experience, and
- promote the development of European networks between learning regions as a means of placing European cooperation in the lifelong learning field on a more durable and sustainable footing

"The Learning-Area Approach"

The learning-area approach creates the focus not on formal education as the single solution to the problems but on the capability of the network to develop the existing workforce in cooperation with universities, local regional authorities, the social partners and other relevant stakeholders. In this manner the development of human resources offers the opportunity to gain sustainable and competitive advantages alongside other businesses. This approach is essentially a problem-solving methodology approach that has to deal with the overall situation of the EU economy and also it must provide solutions to the specific challenges as TLA (Tourism), RLA (Rural), ILA (Intercultural), IRLA (Interreligious)

The Learning Areas Road Map



“Benefits of Setting a Tourism Learning Area in the context of the Euromediterranean Region 2012-2020

**a Tourism Learning Area aims to develop stakeholders
who are more capable of:**

- ✓ **Forming partnerships, networks and clusters**
- ✓ **Creating quality products and services**
- ✓ **Demonstrating innovative capability**
- ✓ **Increasing performance and outputs**
- ✓ **Being more autonomous**
- ✓ **Displaying greater work-place flexibility**
- ✓ **Operating in an entrepreneurial context**
- ✓ **Working with changing technology**
- ✓ **Developing adaptive strategies in the face of
globalization and global change**
- ✓ **Understanding how to work in a more sustainable way**
- ✓ **Enjoying an increase in quality of life based on fuller
access to information**



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EMUNI

Tourism Learning Area in Euromediterranean Region

A Policy Makers – the Administration

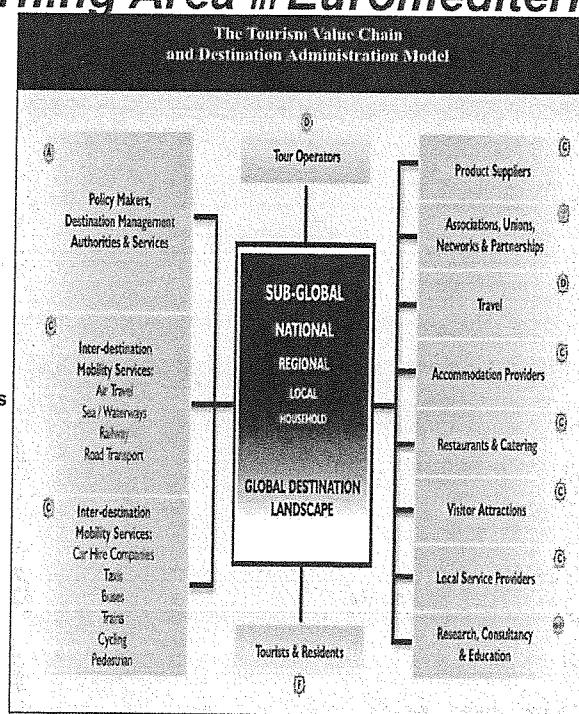
1. EU, national, regional and local administrations
2. National, regional and local tourism information offices
3. Tourism agencies

B Social Partners

- Federations representing tourist industry sectors
Trade Unions
Media
Non Government Organisations

C Business and Industry – Tourism Suppliers

1. Accommodation industry
2. Catering sector (restaurant, cafe, bar, etc.)
3. Transportation sector
4. Construction sector
5. Attractions and activities
6. Tourist Guide services



D Commercial Intermediaries in Tourism Industry

1. Tour Operators
2. Travel Agents/ retailers

E Academic and Scientific bodies

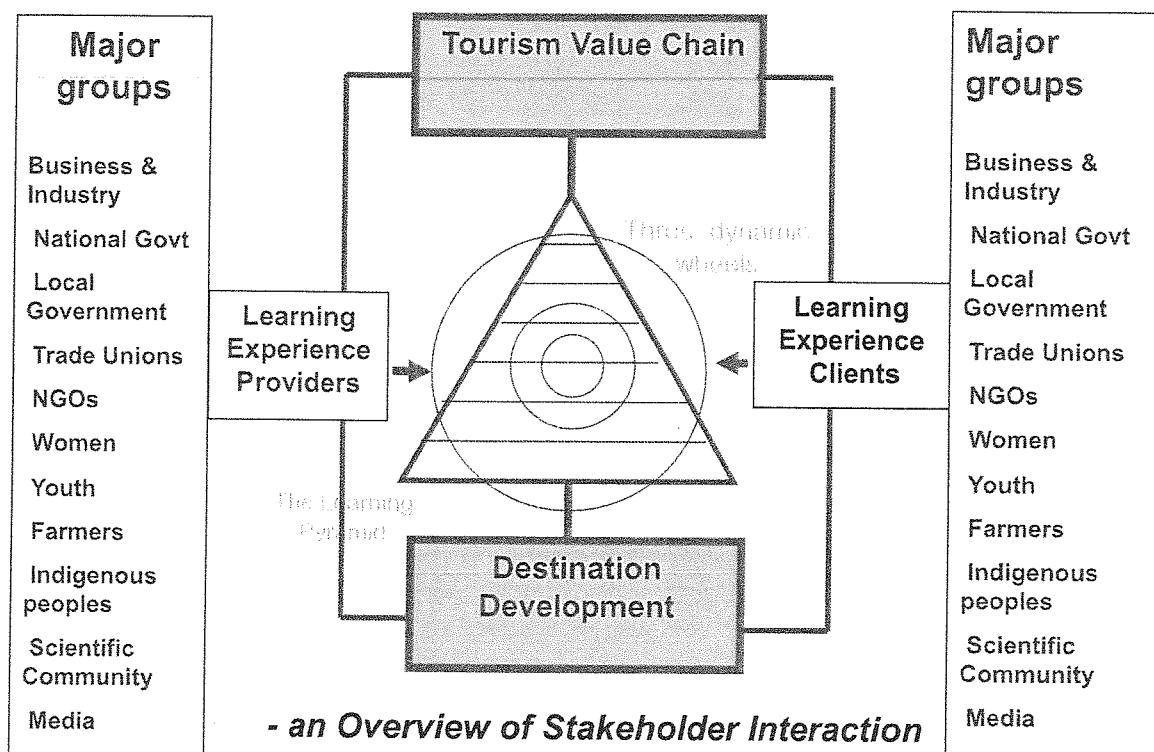
1. Education & Training establishments
2. Research and consultancy bodies

F . Public, Private, Public-Private Partnerships, Civil Society , NGO's

1. Women
2. Youth
3. Indigenous People
4. Farmers
5. Residents
6. Visitors
7. Multi-stakeholder Networks

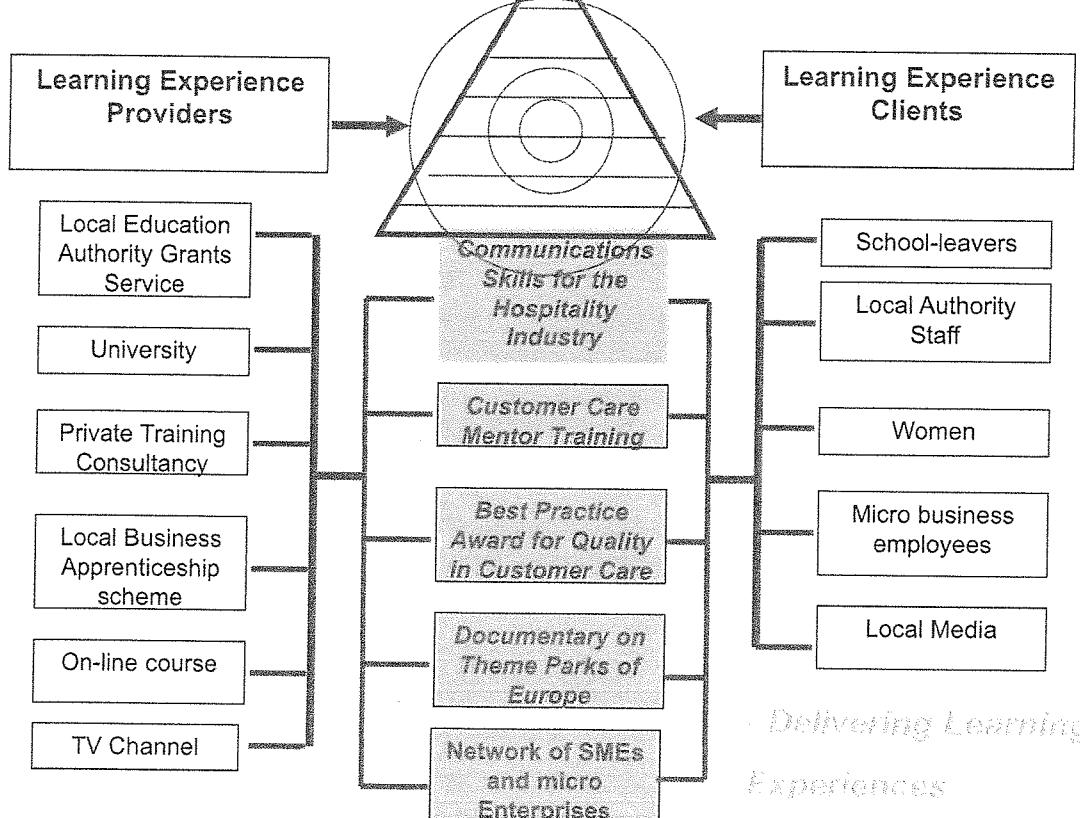
Building the Tourism Learning Area, as Model of Excellence in EuroMed Area

*Primary level
Modeling
Segment*



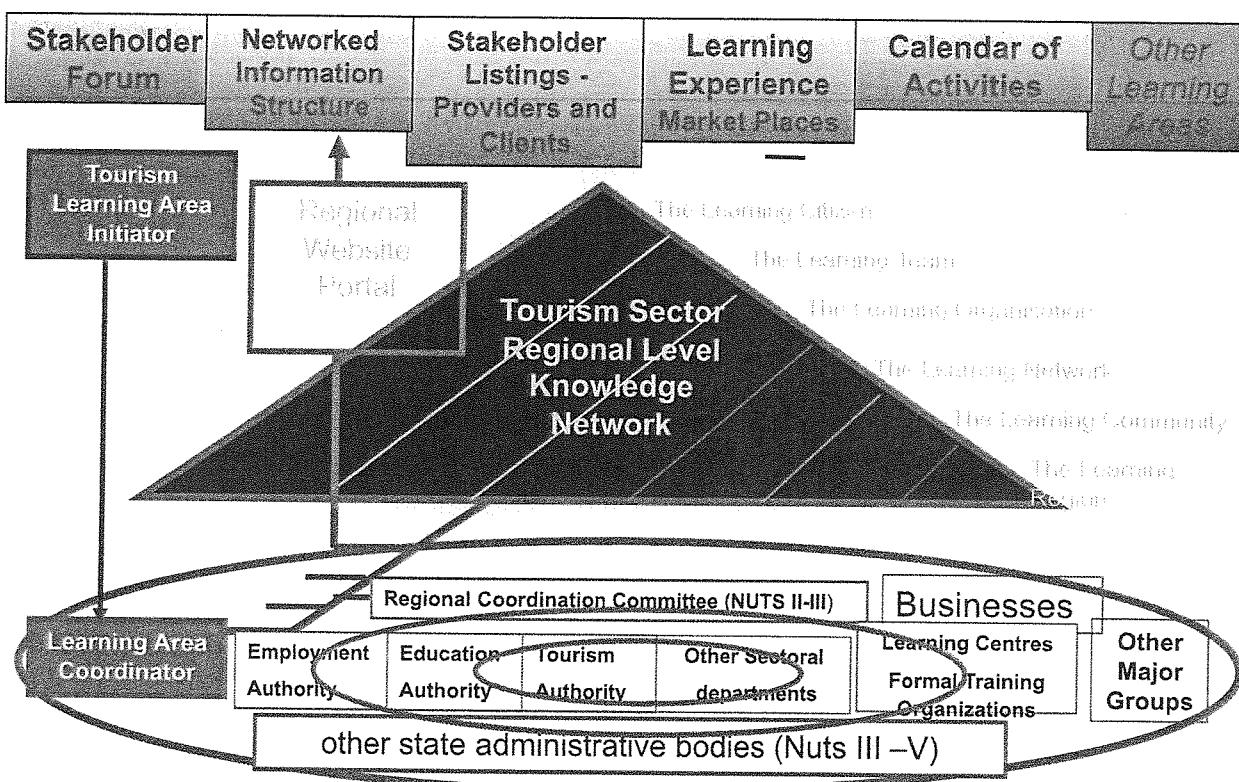
MAGNIFICATION OF THE MODEL

*Secondary level
Modeling Segment*

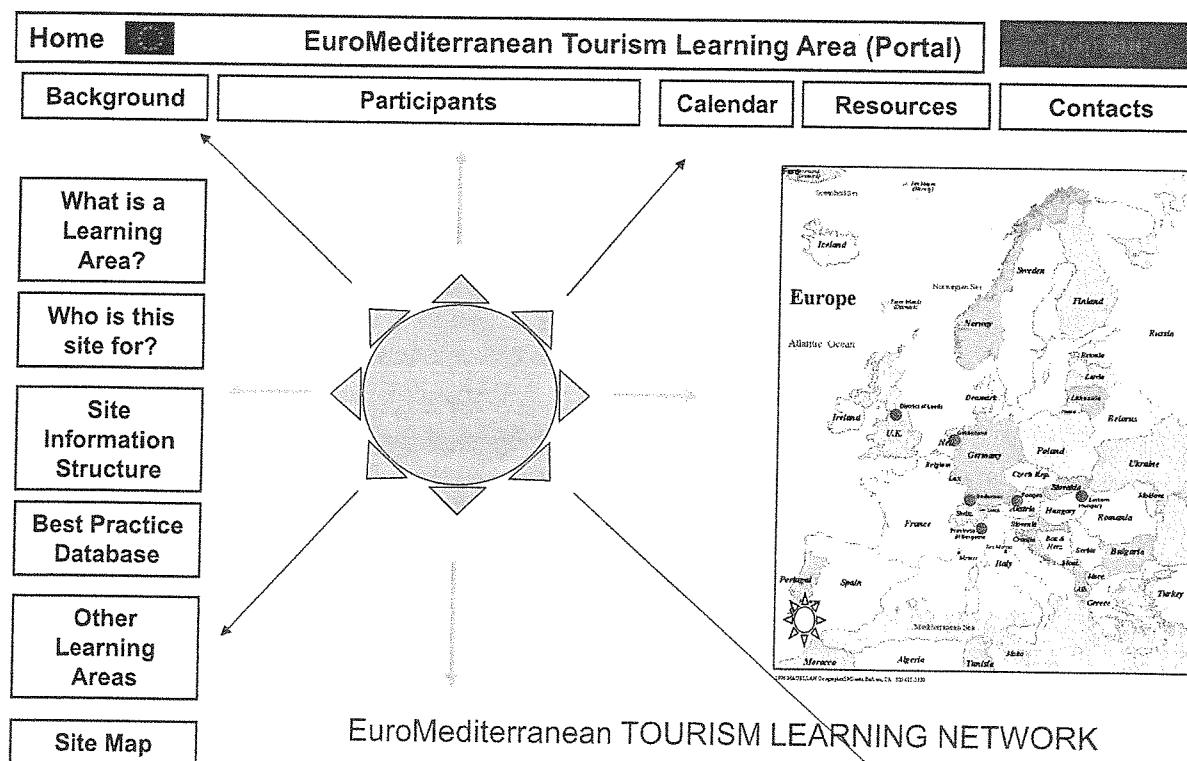


TOURISM LEARNING AREA – REGIONAL/DESTINATION KNOWLEDGE NETWORK

Tertiary level
Modeling
Segment

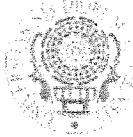


The Three dynamic wheels



EuroMediterranean TOURISM LEARNING NETWORK

Thematic Search: Cross sector Search: Geographical Search:



"Thésaurus du Tourisme et des Loisirs"

Le Thésaurus du Tourisme et des Loisirs multilingue comprend environ:

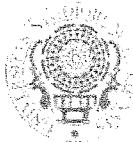
- 11.000 termes (dont 1805 sont les descripteurs français, anglais espagnols et italiens et le reste sont non-descripteurs)

est organisé en 20 champs sémantiques hiérarchisés et en 5 niveaux maximum et prévoit dans chaque langue une liste :

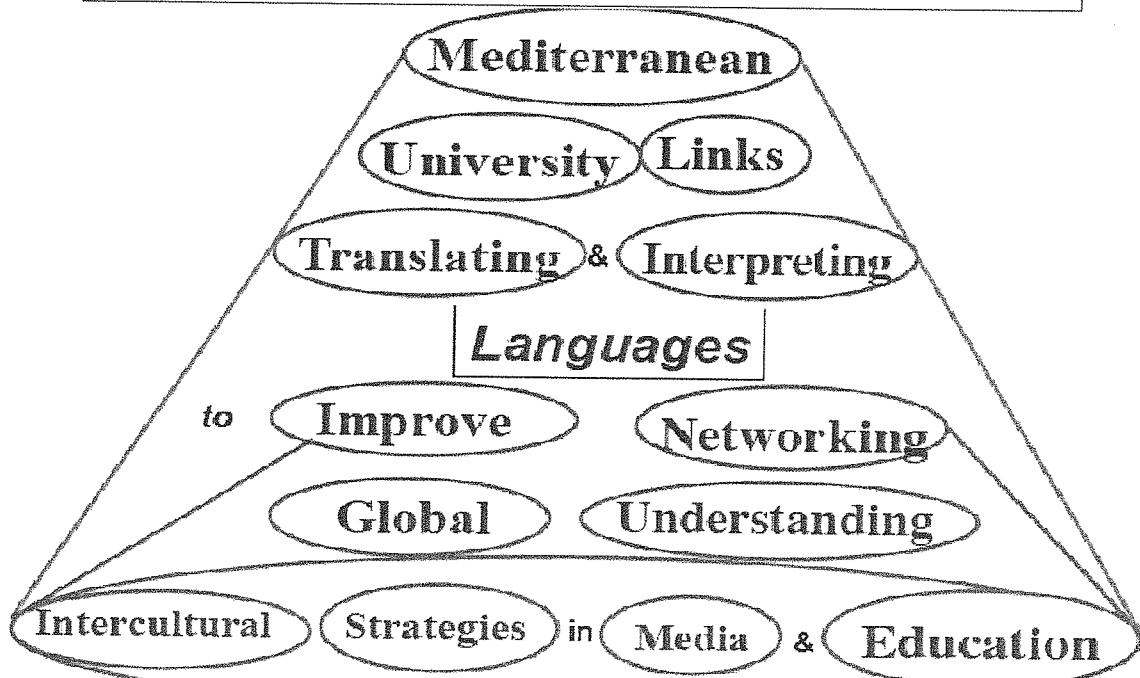
Alphabétique structurée - Hiérarchique - Par groupes de descripteurs - Permutée

CHAMPS
SÉMANTIQUES

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Activité sportive 2. Droit du tourisme 3. Écologie du tourisme 4. Économie du tourisme 5. Équipement touristique 6. Flux touristique 7. Formation et emploi 8. Hébergement 9. Loisirs 10. Manifestation touristique 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. Patrimoine touristique 12. Politique du tourisme 13. Prestation touristique 14. Professionnel du tourisme 15. Promotion touristique 16. Science et information 17. Sociologie des loisirs 18. Tourisme sectoriel 19. Transport 20. Pays et groupement de pays
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M.U.L.T.I.L.I.N.G.U.I.S.M.E.





Mediterranean: Myths and Sea

MedMySea: Objectives

*Create a network between the local communities of five sites:
Bacoli, Lipari, Metaponto, Kalamata e Pylos*

(I porti di Ulisse)

MedMySea: Objectives

www.medmysea.eu

Strengthen the historical memory and sense of belonging among their inhabitants by enhancing natural resources re-discovering cultural traditions

Stimulate development policies to improve services and infrastructures in the nautical tourism sector;

Promote tourism based on a greater knowledge of the sites and respect for the environment;

Test new learning methods to teach the history and marine ecology of the Mediterranean sea;

Create a new professional profile (entertainer-skipper) to "help" young people discover Magna Grecia and the Mediterranean Sea.



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LEADER, from Initiative to Method Guide to teaching the LEADER approach (En - Fr - It)

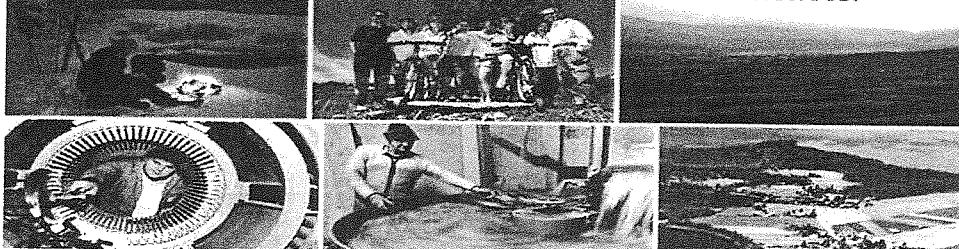
LEADER is one of the most successful experiments of the new rural development concept based on sustainable local development, taking into account the environmental, economic, social and cultural dimensions.

In 1988 "The future of the rural world" underlined the need to try out new development approaches and to involve rural communities in seeking appropriate solutions. Leader was introduced as a 'Community Initiative' financed under the EU Structural Funds. Chronologically, as well as methodologically, Leader has 3 phases LEADER I (1991-1993) initiated a new development approach;

LEADER II (1994-1999) generalised the approach;

LEADER+ (2000-2006) consolidate the method by means of pilot strategies

In 2000, the EC realized a "teaching kit", a modelling exercise and "animation" tool designed to present the LEADER approach to a variety of audiences.

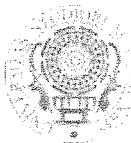


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"Higher Education experiences"

MOTTO:

Learning from the past, Looking at the present, Moving into the Future

E.M.C.T.

EUROMEDITERRANEAN MASTER IN CULTURES AND TOURISM

1st LEVEL DEGREE (1 YEAR - 60 ECTS 4th EDITION)

STUDENT GUIDE REFERENCE

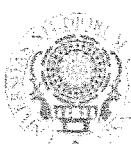
E.M.I.D.T. MASTER'S DEGREE (2nd LEVEL 120 ECTS 2 YEARS)

(EUROMEDITERRANEAN MASTER IN INTERRELIGIOUS DIALOGUE AND TOURISM)

E.M.I.D.T. course closely follows the IDEA. research project, which values Multilingualism and ICT as key factors in improving mutual understanding and in creating pan-Euro-Mediterranean values and beliefs.

HERITAGE AND TOURISM

1st LEVEL DEGREE (1 YEAR - 60 ECTS 1st EDITION)



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Future



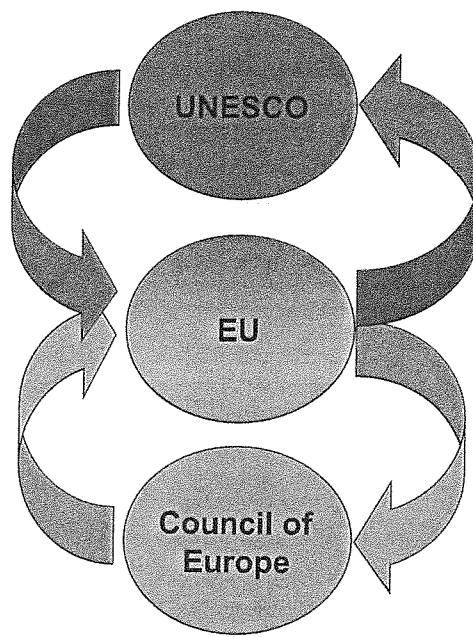
Eviter que la diversité culturelle
ne se répercute négativement
sur la coexistence harmonieuse
au sein des sociétés européennes

Encourager la diversité des expressions
culturelles et linguistiques

*Learning from the past,
Looking at the present,
Moving into the future.*

Patrimoine des connaissances
identités, sensibilités, traditions et savoirs
qui constituent les composantes des
valeurs morales communes

Past



*Interinstitutional Approach
on Multilingualism*